

United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

			<u></u>	
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/663,758	09/17/2003	William Patrick Tunney	11884/404001	3826
23838 KENYON & K	7590 04/04/2007 CENYON LLP	William Patrick Tunney	EXAMINER	
1500 K STREET N.W.			ZHEN, LI B	
SUITE 700 WASHINGTO	N. DC 20005		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,		2194	
•			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/04/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Advisory Action	10/663,758	TUNNEY, WILLIAM PATRICK			
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Li B. Zhen	2194			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
THE REPLY FILED 19 March 2007 FAILS TO PLACE THIS AF					
 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods: The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A 	the same day as filing a Notice of wing replies: (1) an amendment, affice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in coe with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply mug date of the final rejection.	Appeal. To avoid abandonment of idavit, or other evidence, which compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) ast be filed within one of the following			
no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).					
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origi than three months after the mailing dat	of the fee. The appropriate extension fee nally set in the final Office action; or (2) as			
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a). AMENDMENTS					
 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for 					
appeal; and/or (d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).					
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).					
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):					
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).					
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided that the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected:		l be entered and an explanation of			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:					
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 8. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	d sufficient reasons why the affidav	it or other evidence is necessary and			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to of showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appear y and was not earlier presented. So	al and/or appellant fails to provide a ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).			
 The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attached.			
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowance because:			
12. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s) 13. ☑ Other:, /23/2007					
	•				
•					

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: applicant's arguments are not persuasive. In response to the Final Office Action dated 01/19/2007, applicant argues:

(1) col. 8:5-23 does not teach Iterator 36 determining the format of a collection from a format definition, as in Applicant's claims.

(2) col. 10: 1-13 merely refers to the creation of a query object to execute a query, which is not done by an iterator [p. 2, 5]

(3) col. 18:35-45, does not teach an iterator associating an iterator-created reader object with a collection [p. 2].

(4) col. 7:57-col. 8:25, does not teach an iterator created reader object extracting elements from a collection, as in Applicant's claims. [p. 3, 5]

(5) Chang col. 21:3-30 does not teach an iterator performing the instantiating, as in Applicant's claim 28 [p. 3, 4, 6] In response to argument (1), examiner respectfully disagrees and notes that the iterator in Chang has sub-classes that are specific to each collection type. When iterator access a collection of a specific type, it will determine which sub-class is specific to the

collection that the iterator wants to access. By determining which sub-class to use for the different types of collections, the iterator determines the format of the collection and identifies the sub-class to use.

As to argument (2), examiner disagrees and notes Chang discloses a QueryableCollection that supports sorting and bidirectional iterators, and is queries [col. 14, lines 33 - 60]. Therefore, the iterators and query objects are part of the same main program QueryableCollection java that can make calls to instantiate the iterator and query objects [col. 15, lines 13 - 43].

As to argument (3), examiner disagrees and notes that Chang teaches query objects are associated with specific datastores [col. 18. lines 35 - 451.

As to argument (4), examiner disagrees and notes that Chang teaches extracting elements from a collection [Object evaluate(String query, short ql type, NVPair params[]), which is used to extract elements from the collection; col. 18, lines 25 - 45].

In response to argument (5), examiner disagrees and notes that Chang teaches instantiating a set of objects representing the set of elements [col. 15, lines 25 - 42].

WILLIAM THOMSON AMINER
WILLIAM THOMSON EXAMINER
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER